## REGULATION 8 ORGANIC COMPOUNDS RULE 8

## **WASTEWATER (OIL-WATER) SEPARATORS**

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## REGULATION 8 ORGANIC COMPOUNDS RULE 8 WASTEWATER (OIL-WATER) SEPARATORS

(Adopted January 17, 1979)

8-8-100	GENERAL
8-8-101	<b>Description</b> : The purpose of this Rule is to limit the emissions of precursor organic compounds from wastewater (oil-water) separators, forebays, and air flotation units which remove floating oil, floating emulsified oil, or other liquid precursor organic compounds.  (Amended November 1, 1989)
8-8-110	<b>Exemption, Less Than 760 Liters:</b> The requirements of Section 8-8-301 shall not apply to any wastewater separator which processes less than 760 liters (200 gals.) per day of wastewater containing organic liquids. This exemption shall not apply to wastewater separators at petroleum refinery complexes after March 1, 1980.
8-8-111	Deleted November 1, 1989
8-8-112	Exemption, Wastewater Critical OC Concentration And/Or Temperature: The requirements of Sections 8-8-301, 302, 306, 307, and 308 shall not apply to any wastewater separator that processes influent wastewater less than 20 degrees C (68 <sup>O</sup> F) and/or wastewater comprised of less than 1.0 ppm (volume) critical organic compounds, as defined in Section 8-8-210, dissolved in the water samples, provided that the requirements of Section 8-8-502 are met.  (Adopted November 1, 1989)
8-8-113	Exemption, Secondary Wastewater Treatment Processes And Stormwater
	<b>Sewer Systems:</b> The requirements of Sections 8-8-301, 302, 306, and 308 shall not apply to any secondary wastewater treatment processes or stormwater sewer systems, as defined in Sections 8-8-208 and 216, which are used as a wastewater polishing step or collection of stormwater which is segregated from the process wastewater collection system. (Adopted November 1, 1989)
8-8-114	Exemption, Bypassed Oil-Water Separator or Air Flotation Influent: The requirements of Sections 8-8-301, 302, and 307 shall not apply for wastewater which bypasses either the oil-water separator or air flotation unit provided that: (1) the requirements of Section 8-8-501 are met; and (2) on that day the District did not predict an excess of the Federal Ambient Air Quality Standard for ozone.  (Adopted November 1, 1989)
8-8-115	<b>Exemption, Municipal Wastewater Treatment Facilities:</b> The requirements of Sections 8-8-301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, and 308 shall not apply to any publicly owned municipal wastewater treatment facility.
	(Adopted November 1, 1989)
8-8-200	DEFINITIONS
8-8-201	<b>Organic Compounds:</b> For the purposes of this Rule, any organic compound as defined in Section 8-8-210. (Amended November 1, 1989)
8-8-202	Wastewater (Oil-Water) Separator: Any device used to separate liquid organic compounds from oil-water waste streams (excluding Wastewater Separator Forebay, Air Flotation (AF) units, Sludge-dewatering Units, Oil-Water Separator and /or AF Unit Slop Oil Vessels, and Junction Boxes). (Amended November 1, 1989)
8-8-203	Wastewater Separator Forebay: That section of a gravity-type separator which (a) receives the untreated, contaminated wastewater from the preseparator flume, and (b) acts as a header which distributes the influent to the separator channels.  (Amended November 1, 1989)
8-8-204	Vapor-tight: The concentration of precursor organic compounds, measured one centimeter from the source, shall not exceed 500 ppm (expressed as methane)

above background.

(Adopted November 1, 1989)

**8-8-205 Oil-Water Separator Slop Oil:** Floating oil, flocculant sludge, and solids which accumulate in an oil-water separator or air flotation unit.

(Adopted November 1, 1989)

- **8-8-206 Oil-Water Separator Effluent Channel/Pond:** An open channel, trench, pond, or basin which handles wastewater downstream of an oil-water separator that has not been treated by an air flotation unit (usually located between the separator and the air flotation unit). (Adopted November 1, 1989)
- **8-8-207 Full Contact Fixed Cover:** A stationary separator cover which is always in full contact with the liquid surface of the oil-water separator.

(Adopted November 1, 1989)

- 8-8-208 Secondary Treatment Processes: Any wastewater treatment process which is downstream of the air flotation unit, any other biological treatment process at a refinery, or any treatment process which is regulated by the EPA National Categorical Pretreatment Standards. These treatment processes are considered to be wastewater polishing steps and include: activated sludge tanks/basins, trickling or sand filters, aerated lagoons, oxidation ponds, rotating biological contactors, and other biological wastewater treatment processes. (Adopted November 1, 1989)
- **8-8-209 Air Flotation Unit:** Any device, equipment, or apparatus in which wastewater is saturated with air or gas under pressure and removes floating oil, floating emulsified oil, or other floating liquid precursor organic compounds by skimming. Also included in this definition are: induced air flotation units and pre-air flotation unit flocculant sumps, tanks, or basins. (Adopted November 1, 1989)
- 8-8-210 Critical Organic Compound (OC): Any compound of carbon, excluding methane, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, carbonic acid, metallic carbides, carbonates and ammonium carbonate, or non-precursor organic compounds (Methylene chloride, 1,1,1 trichloroethane, 1,1,2 trichlorotrifluoroethane (CFC-113), trichlorofluoromethane (CFC-11), dichlorodifluoromethane (CFC-12), dichlorotetrafluoroethane (CFC-114), and chloropentafluoroethane (CFC-115), emitted during separation, processing, or storage of wastewater, and having a carbon number of C-14 or less (excluding phenolic compounds).

(Adopted November 1, 1989)

**8-8-211 Wastewater:** Any process water which contains oil, emulsified oil, or other organic compounds which is not recycled or otherwise used within a facility.

(Adopted November 1, 1989)

- **8-8-212** Pre-Air Flotation Unit Flocculation Sump, Basin, Chamber, or Tank: Any facility which pretreats the air flotation unit's influent with chemical coagulants, and/or adjusts the influent's pH. (Adopted November 1, 1989)
- **8-8-213 Oil-Water Separator Slop Oil Vessel:** Any vessel which, as its sole function, treats or dewaters oil-water separator slop oil. (Adopted November 1, 1989)
- **8-8-214 Oil-Water Separator Effluent:** Any process wastewater downstream of the oilwater separator that has not been treated by an air flotation unit.

(Adopted November 1, 1989)

- **8-8-215 Sludge-dewatering Unit:** Any device which, as its sole function, is used to dewater oil-water separator and air flotation slop oil/sludge.(Adopted November 1, 1989)
- **8-8-216 Stormwater Sewer System:** A drain and collection system designed and operated for the sole purpose of collecting stormwater and which is segregated from the wastewater collection system. (Adopted November 1, 1989)
- **8-8-217 Junction Box:** A manhole or access point to a wastewater sewer system line.

(Adopted November 1, 1989)

**8-8-218 Sewer Line:** A lateral, trunk line, branch line, ditch, channel, or other conduit used to convey wastewater to downstream oil-water separators.

(Adopted November 1, 1989)

- 8-8-300 STANDARDS
- 8-8-301 Wastewater Separators Greater than 760 Liters per Day and Smaller than 18.9 Liters per Second: A person shall not operate any wastewater separator

and/or forebay with a design rated or maximum allowable capacity greater than 760 liters per day and smaller than 18.9 liters per second (oil-water separators and/or forebays between 200 gals per day to 300 gals per min.) unless such wastewater separator and/or forebay is operated within its design rated or maximum allowable capacity and is equipped with one of the following:

- 301.1 A solid, gasketed, fixed cover totally enclosing the separator tank, chamber, or basin (compartment) liquid contents, with all cover openings closed, except when the opening is being used for inspection, maintenance, or wastewater sampling. Roof seals, access doors, and other openings shall be checked by visual inspection initially and semiannually thereafter to ensure that no cracks or gaps greater than 0.32 cm (0.125 inch) occur in the roof or between the roof and wall; and that the access doors and other openings are closed and gasketed properly; or
- 301.2 A floating pontoon or double-deck vapor-tight type cover. All floating roofs must rest entirely on the liquid surface. The floating roof shall consist of two seals, one above the other, the one below shall be referred to as the primary seal, while the other seal shall be referred to as the secondary seal.
  - 2.1 Oil-Water Separator Liquid-Mounted Primary Seal Gap Criteria: No gap between the separator wall and the liquid-mounted primary seal shall exceed 3.8 cm (1.5 inch). No continuous gap greater than 0.32 cm (0.125 inch) shall exceed 10 percent of the perimeter of the separator. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps exceeding 1.3 cm (0.5 inch) shall be not more than 10 percent of the perimeter and the cumulative length of all primary seal gaps exceeding 0.32 cm (0.125 inch) shall be not more than 40 percent of the perimeter.
  - 2.2 Oil-Water Separator Secondary And Wiper Seals Gap Criteria: No gap between the separator wall and the secondary and wiper seals shall exceed 1.5 mm (0.06 inch). The cumulative length of all secondary and wiper seals gaps exceeding 0.5 mm (0.02 inch) shall be not more than 5 percent of the perimeter of the separator. The secondary and wiper seals must exert a positive pressure against the separator such that the seal surface in contact with the separator wall does not pull away from the separator wall more than the gaps allowed.
  - 2.3 Primary And Secondary Seal Gap Inspection: The primary seal shall be inspected within 60 calendar days after initial installation of the floating roof and once every 5 years thereafter in accordance with the requirements of Subsection 8-8-301.2.2.1. The secondary seal shall be inspected within 60 calendar days after initial installation of the floating roof and once every year thereafter in accordance with the requirements of Subsection 8-8-301.2.2.2. The owner or operator shall make necessary repairs within 30 calendar days of identification of seals not meeting the requirements listed in Subsections 8-8-301.2.1 and 301.2.2.2.; or
- 301.3 An OC vapor recovery system with a combined collection and destruction efficiency of at least 95 percent, by weight.
- 301.4 **Deleted October 6, 1993**

(Amended November 1, 1989; October 6, 1993)

- **8-8-302** Wastewater Separators Larger than or Equal to 18.9 Liters per Second: A person shall not operate any wastewater separator and/or forebay with a rated or maximum allowable capacity larger than or equal to 18.9 liters per second (300 gals per min.) unless such wastewater separator and/or forebay is operated within its design rated or maximum allowable capacity and is equipped with one of the following:
  - 302.1 A solid, vapor-tight, full contact fixed cover which totally encloses the separator tank, chamber, or basin (compartment) liquid contents, with all cover openings closed and sealed, except when the opening is being used for inspection, maintenance, or wastewater sampling; or

- 302.2 A floating pontoon or double-deck vapor-tight type cover. All floating roofs must rest on the liquid surface. The floating roof shall consist of two seals, one above the other, the one below shall be referred to as the primary seal, while the other seal shall be referred to as the secondary seal.
  - Oil-Water Separator Liquid-Mounted Primary Seal Gap Criteria: No gap between the separator wall and the liquid-mounted primary seal shall exceed 3.8 cm (1.5 inch). No continuous gap greater than 0.32 cm (0.125 inch) shall exceed 10 percent of the perimeter of the separator. The cumulative length of all primary seal gaps exceeding 1.3 cm (0.5 inch) shall be not more than 10 percent of the perimeter and the cumulative length of all primary seal gaps exceeding 0.32 cm (0.125 inch) shall be not more than 40 percent of the perimeter.
  - 2.2 Oil-Water Separator Secondary And Wiper Seals Gap Criteria: No gap between the separator wall and the secondary and wiper seals shall exceed 1.5 mm (0.06 inch). The cumulative length of all secondary and wiper seals gaps exceeding 0.5 mm (0.02 inch) shall be not more than 5 percent of the perimeter of the separator. The secondary and wiper seals must exert a positive pressure against the separator such that the seal surface in contact with the separator wall does not pull away from the separator wall more than the gaps allowed; or
  - 2.3 Primary And Secondary Seal Gap Inspection: The primary seal shall be inspected within 60 calendar days after initial installation of the floating roof and once every 5 years thereafter in accordance with the requirements of Subsection 8-8-302.2.2.1. The secondary seal shall be inspected within 60 calendar days after initial installation of the floating roof and once every year thereafter in accordance with the requirements of Subsection 8-8-302.2.2.2. The owner or operator shall make necessary repairs within 30 calendar days of identification of seals not meeting the requirements listed in Subsections 8-8-302.2.2.1 and 302.2.2.2.; or
- 302.3 A vapor-tight fixed cover with an OC vapor recovery system which has a combined collection and destruction efficiency of at least 95 percent, by weight, inspection and access hatches shall be closed except when the opening is being used for inspection, maintenance, or wastewater sampling, or
- 302.4 A solid, sealed, gasketed, fixed cover which totally encloses the separator tank, chamber, or basin (compartment) liquid contents, with all cover openings closed and sealed, except when the opening is being used for inspection, maintenance, or wastewater sampling. The cover may include a pressure/vacuum valve. The concentration of precursor organic compounds, measured one centimeter from the roof seals, fixed cover, access doors, pressure/vacuum valve, and other openings shall not exceed 1,000 ppm (expressed as methane) above background. Roof seals, fixed cover, access doors, and other openings shall be inspected initially and semiannually thereafter to ensure that there are no emission leaks greater than 1,000 ppm. Any emission leak greater than 1,000 ppm must be reported to the APCO and repaired within 15 days.
- 302.5 Deleted October 6, 1993

(Adopted November 1, 1989; Amended October 6, 1993)

**8-8-303 Gauging and Sampling Devices:** Any compartment or access hatch shall have a vapor tight cover. Any gauging and sampling device in the compartment cover shall be equipped with a vapor tight cover, seal, or lid. The compartment cover and gauging or sampling device cover shall at all times be in a closed position, except when the device is in use for inspection, maintenance, or wastewater sampling.

(Amended, Renumbered November 1, 1989)

**8-8-304 Sludge-dewatering Unit** Any sludge-dewatering unit, equipment, machinery, apparatus, or device shall be totally enclosed and vented to a control device which

has a minimum combined collection and destruction efficiency of 95 percent by weight; or shall have vapor-tight covers on the unit, conveyer belts, and storage bins or tanks except during inspection, maintenance or when the solids storage bin is in use.

(Adopted November 1, 1989; Amended October 6, 1993)

- 8-8-305 Oil-Water Separator And/Or Air Flotation Unit Slop Oil Vessels: A person shall not store any oil-water separator and/or air flotation unit sludges in an oil-water separator slop oil vessel unless such oil-water separator slop oil vessel is equipped with one of the following:
  - 305.1 A solid, gasketed, fixed cover totally enclosing the vessel liquid contents, with all cover openings closed, except when the opening is being used for inspection, maintenance, or wastewater sampling. The cover may include an atmospheric vent or a pressure/vacuum valve. Roof seals, access doors, and other openings shall be checked by visual inspection initially and semiannually thereafter to ensure that no cracks or gaps greater than 0.32 cm (0.125 inch) occur in the roof or between the roof and wall; and that the access doors and other openings are closed and gasketed properly; or
  - 305.2 An OC vapor recovery system with a combined collection and destruction efficiency of at least 70 percent, by weight.
  - 305.3 **Deleted October 6, 1993**

(Adopted November 1, 1989; Amended October 6, 1993)

- 8-8-306 Oil-Water Separator Effluent Channel, Pond, Trench, or Basin: A person shall not operate any oil-water separator effluent channel, pond, trench, or basin a design rated or maximum allowable capacity greater than 25.2 liters per second (any oil-water separator effluent channel, pond, trench, or basin greater than 400 gals per min) unless such oil-water separator effluent channel, pond, trench, or basin is operated within its design rated or maximum allowable capacity and is equipped with one of the following:
  - 306.1 A solid, gasketed, fixed cover totally enclosing the oil-water separator effluent channel, pond, trench, or basin (compartment) liquid contents, with all cover openings closed, except when the opening is being used for inspection, maintenance, or wastewater sampling. Roof seals, access doors, and other openings shall be checked by visual inspection initially and semiannually thereafter to ensure that no cracks or gaps greater than 0.32 cm (0.125 inch) occur in the roof or between the roof and wall; and that the access doors and other openings are closed and gasketed properly; or
  - 306.2 An OC vapor recovery system with a combined collection and destruction efficiency of at least 70 percent, by weight.
  - 306.3 **Deleted October 6, 1993**

(Adopted November 1, 1989; Amended October 6, 1993)

- **8-8-307 Air Flotation Unit:** A person shall not operate any air flotation unit and/or pre-air flotation unit flocculation sump, basin, chamber, or tank with a design rated or maximum allowable capacity greater than 25.2 liters per second (air flotation units and/or pre-air flotation unit flocculation sump, basin, chamber, or tank greater than 400 gals per min.) unless such air flotation unit and/or pre-air flotation unit flocculation sump, basin, chamber, or tank is operated within its design rated or maximum allowable capacity and is equipped with one of the following:
  - A solid, gasketed, fixed cover totally enclosing the air flotation and pre-air-flotation-unit flocculation tank, chamber, or basin (compartment) liquid contents, with all cover openings closed, except when the opening is being used for inspection, maintenance, or wastewater sampling. The cover may include an atmospheric vent or pressure/vacuum valve. Roof seals, access doors, and other openings shall be checked by visual inspection initially and semiannually thereafter to ensure that no cracks or gaps greater than 0.32 cm (0.125 inch) occur in the roof or between the roof and wall; and that the access doors and other openings are closed and gasketed properly; or
  - 307.2 An OC vapor recovery system with a combined collection and destruction efficiency of at least 70 percent, by weight.

307.3 Deleted October 6, 1993

(Adopted November 1, 1989; Amended October 6, 1993)

**8-8-308 Junction Box:** Any junction box shall be equipped with either a solid, gasketed, fixed cover totally enclosing the junction box or a solid manhole cover. Junction boxes may include openings in the covers and vent pipes if the total open area of the junction box does not exceed 81.3 cm<sup>2</sup> (12.6 in<sup>2</sup>) and all vent pipes are at least 3 feet in length.

(Adopted November 1, 1989; Amended October 6, 1993)

- 8-8-309 Deleted October 6, 1993
- 8-8-310 Deleted October 6, 1993
- 8-8-311 Deleted October 6, 1993
- 8-8-400 ADMINISTRATIVE REQUIREMENTS
- 8-8-401 Deleted October 6, 1993
- 8-8-500 MONITORING AND RECORDS
- **8-8-501 API Separator or Air Flotation Bypassed Wastewater Records:** Any person who bypasses wastewater past their API Separator or Air Flotation unit shall maintain records on the amount of bypassed wastewater, duration, date, causes for bypasses, and dissolved critical OC concentration (volume). These records shall be retained and available for inspection by the APCO for at least 24 months.

(Adopted November 1, 1989)

**8-8-502** Wastewater Critical OC Concentration And/Or Temperature Records: Any person who exempts their wastewater separator because of either wastewater critical OC concentration or temperature shall sample and test the wastewater initially and semiannually thereafter and maintain records on the date, time of test, location, and wastewater temperature and/or critical OC concentration (volume). These records shall be retained and available for inspection by the APCO for at least 24 months.

(Adopted November 1, 1989)

- **8-8-503 Inspection and Repair Records:** Records of inspections and repairs as required by Sections 8-8-301, 302, 305, 306 or 307 shall be retained and made available for inspection by the APCO for at least 24 months. (Adopted October 6, 1993)
- **8-8-504 Portable Hydrocarbon Detector:** Any instrument used for the measurement of organic compounds shall be a gas detector that meets the specifications and performance criteria of and has been calibrated in accordance with EPA Reference Method 21 (40 CFR 60, Appendix A).

  Adopted June 15, 1994)
- 8-8-600 MANUAL OF PROCEDURES
- **8-8-601 Wastewater Analysis for Critical OCs:** Samples of wastewater as specified in this rule shall be taken at the influent stream for each unit and analyzed for the concentration of dissolved critical organic compounds as prescribed in the Manual of Procedures, Volume III, Lab Method 33.

(Amended November 1, 1989; October 6, 1993)

**8-8-602 Determination of Emissions:** Emissions of precursor organic compounds as specified in Sections 8-8-301.3, 8-8-302.3, 8-8-304, 8-8-305.2, 8-8-306.2, and 8-8-307.2 shall be measured as prescribed by any of the following methods: 1) BAAMQD Manual of Procedures, Volume IV, ST-7, 2) EPA Method 25, or 25A). A source shall be considered in violation if the VOC emissions measured by any of the referenced test methods exceed the standards of this rule.

(Amended November 1, 1989; October 6, 1993, June 15, 1994)

**8-8-603** Inspection Procedures: For the purposes of Sections 8-8-301, 302, 303 and 304, leaks shall be measured using a portable gas detector as prescribed in EPA Reference Method 21 (40 CFR 60, Appendix A). (Adopted June 15, 1994)